

Making sure your operation and your family survive a generational transition

#### 2025 TEPAP Unit II

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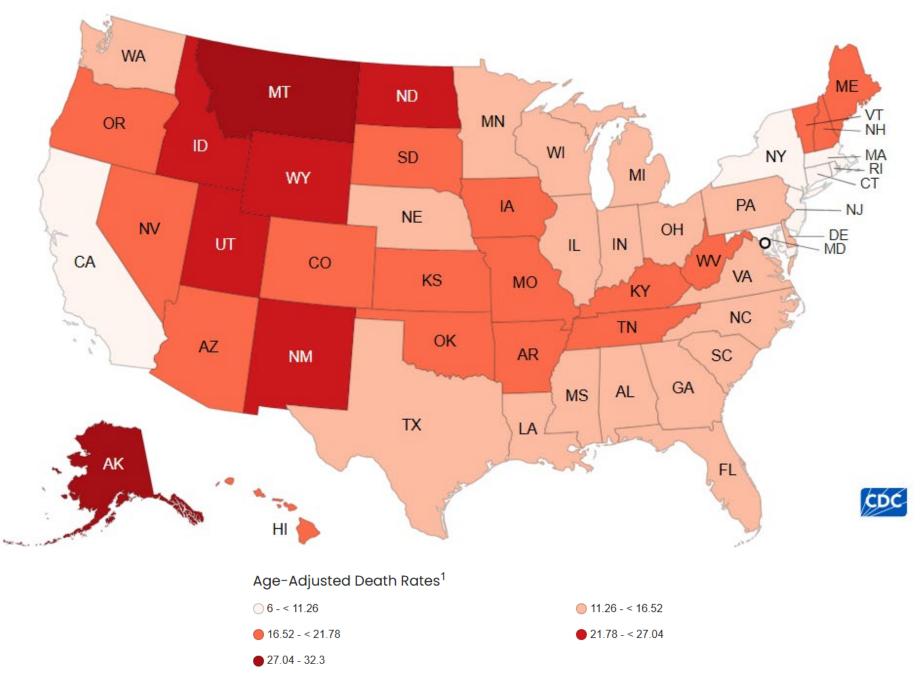
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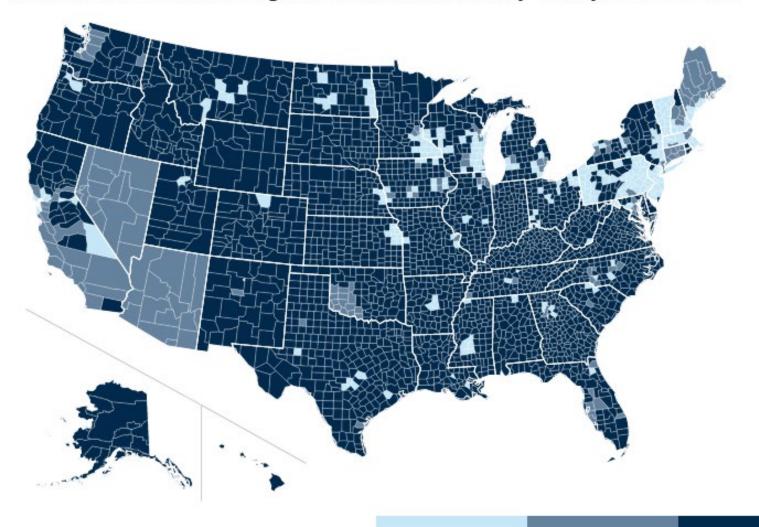


#### **State suicide rates**

Rank	State	Rate	Deaths
1	MT	28.7	329
2	AK	27.6	200
3	WY	25.6	155
4	NM	24.7	525
5	ND	22.5	169
6	ID	22.2	444
7	UT	22.1	718
8	SD	21.6	192
9	OK	21.4	857
10	CO	21.1	1,293
11	NV	21	698
12	AZ	20.6	1,603
13	KS	20.5	596



#### Health Professional Shortage Areas: Mental Health, by County, October 2024



None of county is shortage area

Part of county is shortage area Whole county is shortage area



Source: data.HRSA.gov, October 2024.

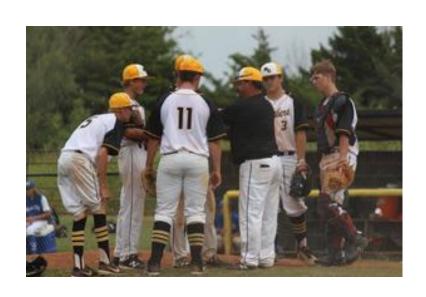
# Mental health in Rural America by the numbers

#### Rural America:

- Rural mental health was in the toilet before COVID-19
- 75% of rural Americans live in an area classified as a mental healthcare desert
- Agriculture's suicide rate is 4<sup>th</sup> among industry categories, and has one of the highest suicide completion rates



### Risk in agriculture and Oklahoma Class B baseball





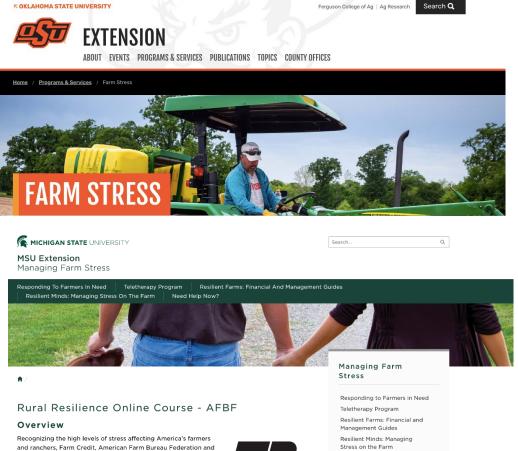
#### **Toxic Grit**

#### Could our greatest strengths be our greatest weaknesses?

- Fierce independence / self-reliance
  - Counterpoint: physical, social, and emotional isolation
- "Tough as nails" able to withstand the many traumas of a risky environment
  - Counterpoint: humans don't have *limitless ability* to process trauma without support
- "Suck it up, buttercup!"
  - Counterpoint: agriculture might be the worst industry ever in terms of talking about feelings and getting others to do the same
- Multi-generational legacy of business and assets...
  - Counterpoint: "If you blow it, you'll have ruined what it took generations to build..."
- Strength in community tremendous, sacrificial support in times of crisis
  - Counterpoint: for some reason, mental health concerns are the glaring exception to this



# The most valuable resources on a farm are the human resources



Need help now?

National Farmers Union have partnered on a program to train

signs of stress and offer help.

individuals who interact with farmers and ranchers to recognize

Michigan State University Extension developed the farm stress program. This program provides participants the skills to

understand the sources of stress, learn the warning signs of stress and suicide, identify effective communication strategies, reduce stigma related to mental health concerns and connect farmers and ranchers with appropriate mental health and other resources.









#### You CAN do something!





#### mentalhealthfirstaid.org

qprinstitute.com











#### YOU (yeah, YOU) NEED THIS STUFF!

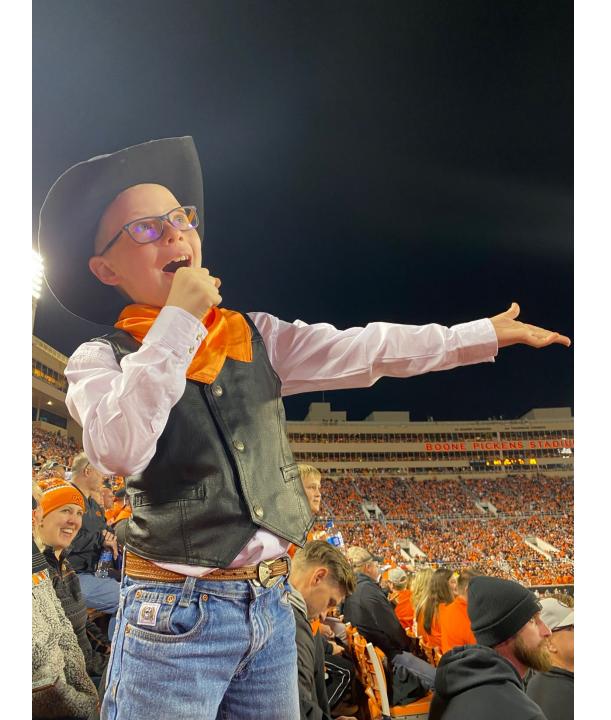
#### Slam dunk without-a-doubt

- Guardian nomination for minor children
- Beneficiary designations
- Durable powers of attorney
  - Business
  - Healthcare
- Advanced directive for health care
- Long-term care planning
- Will

### And you really need to think about

- Trust
- Life insurance
- Long-term care insurance





#### **Mark 6:4**

Jesus said to them, "A prophet is not without honor except in his hometown and among his own relatives and in his own household."

#### Ferrell's corollary:

You cannot regard someone as an expert if you have changed their diaper.

#### **Numbers don't lie**

**55%** 

U.S. adults with no estate planning tools

64%

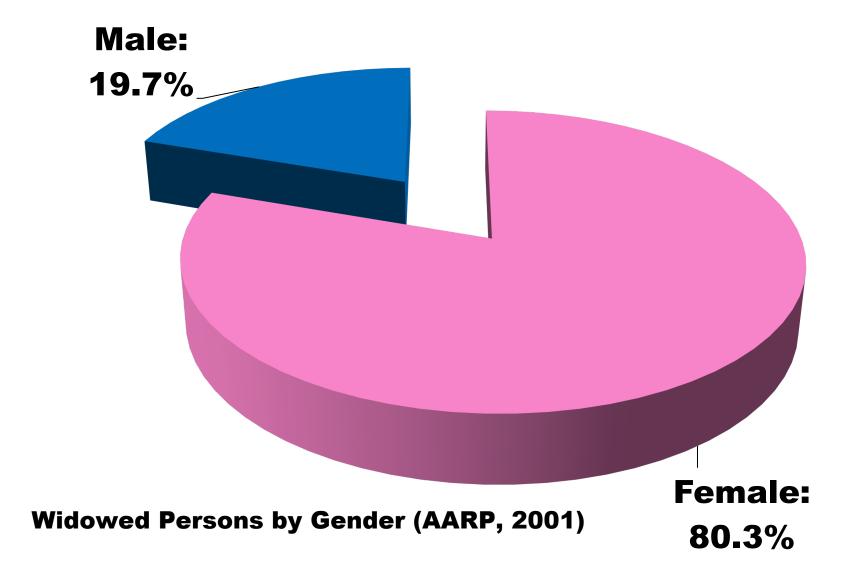
Farm/agribusiness owners with no estate planning tools

88%

Farm/agribusiness owners with no retirement plan



#### Why should I care?



# Causes of business failure after a generational transfer

- Inadequate estate planning
- Insufficient capitalization
- Failure to prepare the next generation properly



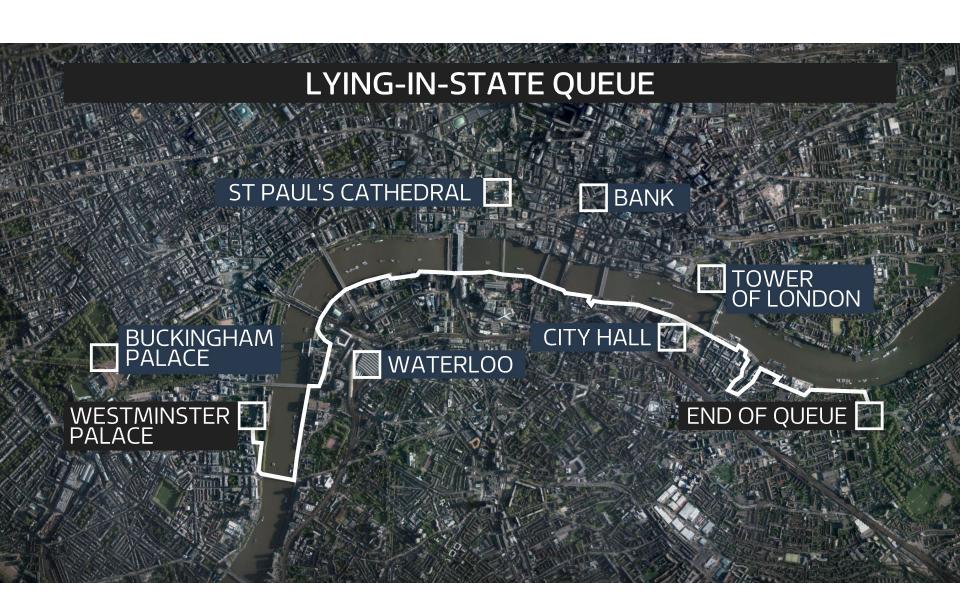
#### **Challenges in farm transition**

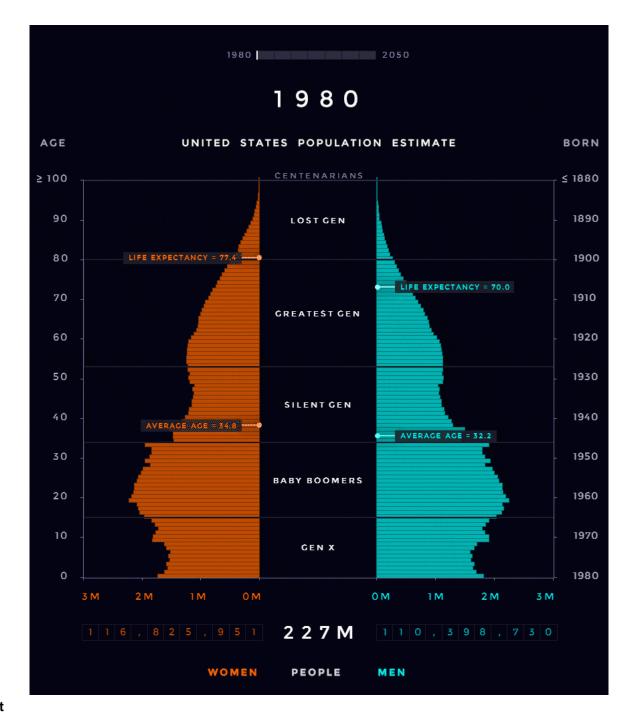




#### **Challenges in farm transition**









### The Farm Transition Simulator: What are the odds this will work?

	Farr	m Transition Simulator	
Process Form			
Balance Sheet		Debt Profile	Family Structure
Assets		Breeding Livestock Debt	On-Farm Heirs 1
Breeding Livestock	\$ 56,602	Annual Payment	Off-Farm Heirs 1
Machinery, Equipment	\$ 1,012,499	Interest Rate	Total Heirs 2
Total Operational Assets	\$ 1,069,101	Term to Maturity	
Current Assets	\$ -	Machinery, Equipment Debt	Potential Loan Profile
Buildings	\$ 82,894	Annual Payment	Ammount of Current Assets to Pay 1000
Land	\$ 2,603,650	Interest Rate	Towards Existing Debt
Total Assets	\$ 3,755,645	Term to Maturity	1
Liabilities		Buildings Debt	Breeding Livestock
Breeding Livestock Debt		Annual Payment	Interest Rate 6.8
Machinery, Equipment Debt		Interest Rate	Term Length
Buildings Debt		Term to Maturity	Equipment
Land Debt		Land Debt	Interest Rate 6.8
Other Liabilities		Annual Payment	Term Length
Total Liabilities	\$ -	Interest Rate	Real Estate
		Term to Maturity	Interest Rate 7.5
Owner Equity	\$ 3,755,645	Other Liabilities	Term Length
		Annual Payment	Family Loan
Income and Expense		Interest Rate	Applicable Federal Rate 3.9
Value of Farm Production	\$ 271,048	Term to Maturity	Term Length
Net Farm Income	\$ 169,059		Operating Line of Credit
Family Living Expense	\$ 70,000		Applicable Federal Rate 9.2
Total Off-Farm Income	\$ 44,356		
1st Off-Farm Income	\$ 44,356		Investment/Life Insurance Profile
2nd Off-Farm Income	\$ -		Return On Investment 4.5
			Years Until Transition



## The Farm Transition Simulator: What are the odds this will work?

		Criteria			
			Op. Debt	Any Op.	
Strategy	Probabilties	DA Ratio > 0.6		Debt	
a - Commercial loan to buy out off-farm heirs	Probability of failure	60%	100%	100%	
	Probability of success	40%	0%	0%	
		DA Ratio > 0.6	Op. Debt	Any Op. Debt	
b - Family loan from off-farm heirs at AFR interest	Probability of failure	DA Rauo > 0.6	26%	100%	
	Probability of success	100%	74%	0%	
		DA D-#- : 2.2	Op. Debt	Any Op.	
ta - Create fund equal to farm assets using stocks	Probability of failure	DA Ratio > 0.6 0%	>=3 years 73%	Debt 85%	
a create tand equal to familiassess during stooms	Probability of success	100%	27%	15%	
tb - Create fund equal to farm assets using whole life ins.	Probability of failure	DA Ratio > 0.6 0%	Op. Debt 1%	Any Op. 6%	
to - Create lund equal to farm assets using whole life ins.	Probability of success	100%	99%	94%	
	r robubility or ouccosts	100%	0070	0 4 70	
			Op. Debt	Any Op.	
	I=	DA Ratio > 0.6		Debt	
a - Create fund equal to operating assets using stocks	Probability of failure Probability of success	0% 100%	0% 100%	0% 100%	
	Probability of success	100%	100%	100%	
			Op. Debt	Any Op.	
		DA Ratio > 0.6		Debt	
b - Create fund equal to operating assets using whole life ins.	Probability of failure	0%	0%	0%	
	Probability of success	100%	100%	100%	
			Op. Debt	Any Op.	
		DA Ratio > 0.6	>=3 years	Debt	
a - Create fund equal to operating assets using stocks	Probability of failure	0%	0%	0%	
	Probability of success	100%	100%	100%	
			Op. Debt	Any Op.	
		DA Ratio > 0.6		Debt	
b - Create fund equal to 1/2 operating assets using whole life ins.	Probability of failure	0%	0%	0%	
	Probability of success	100%	100%	100%	
		DA Ratio > 0.6	Cach goes	negative	
- Lifetime equity sale (operating assets)	Probability of failure	0%	0%	gauve	
(	Probability of success	100%	100%		



#### The strategies

- 1. Farm Kid & City Kid get undivided interest in all farm assets (Farm Kid buys out City Kid).
  - a. Commercial lending
  - b. Family Ioan at Applicable Federal Rate
- 2. Farm Kid gets all operating assets, City Kid gets financial instrument of equal value, both share ownership of farmland.
  - a. Using stock investment
  - b. Using whole life insurance



#### The strategies

- 3. Farm Kid gets operating assets (livestock, equipment, buildings), City Kid gets financial asset of equal value, they share land
  - a. Using stock investment
  - b. Using whole life insurance
- 4. Farm Kid gets operating assets (livestock, equipment, buildings), City Kid gets financial asset of ½ value of operating assets, they share land
  - a. Using stock investment
  - b. Using whole life insurance



#### The strategies

- 5. Farm Kid uses salary from farm to purchase equity in operating assests from Ma and Pa over 20-year span; they share land
  - a. In years where Farm Kid can't afford purchase, Ma and Pa gift balance and keep "gift ledger" – Ma and Pa use sales proceeds to develop investment account.



# KFMA South Central Association Farms by "thirds"

	Top <sup>-</sup>	Third	Middle	Third	Low 1	Γhird
Breeding Livestock	\$56,602		\$28,288		\$21,442	
Machinery & Equipment	\$1,012,499		\$499,177		\$ 152,462	
Buildings	\$82,894		\$27,155		\$ 11,700	
Land	\$2,603,650	69% 1,120 acres	\$1,442,237	72% 628 acres	\$ 516,111	74% 288 acres
Total Assets	\$3,755,645		\$1,996,857		\$ 701,715	
Net Farm Income	\$169,059		\$98,369		\$36,657	



#### And the results are in!

	Success Rate					
	Тор -	Third	Mid Third		Lower Third	
Strategy	Op. Debt 3yr	No Op. Debt	Op. Debt 3yr	No Op. Debt	Op. Debt 3yr	No Op. Debt
1a: Down the middle, commercial loans	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
1b: Down the middle, family lending	74%	0%	57%	0%	3%	0%
2a: Create equal value non-farm asset, stocks	27%	15%	1%	1%	0%	0%
2b: Create equal value non-farm asset, life insurance	99%	94%	62%	48%	0%	0%
3a: Operating assets to Farm Kid, equal value stocks to City Kid, share land	100%	100%	99%	96%	0%	0%
3b: Operating assets to Farm Kid, equal value insurance to City Kid, share land	100%	100%	100%	99%	0%	0%
4a: Operating assets to Farm Kid, 1/2 value stocks to City Kid, share land	100%	100%	99%	98%	0%	0%
4b: Operating assets to Farm Kid, 1/2 value life insurance to City Kid, share land	100%	100%	100%	98%	0%	0%

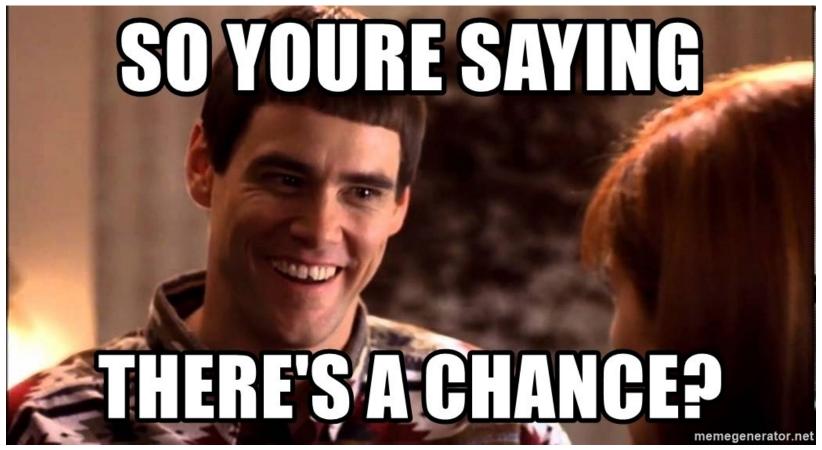
	D:A > 0.6	Cash >= 0	D:A > 0.6	Cash >= 0	D:A > 0.6	Cash >= 0
Lifetime buyout of Ma and Pa's operating assets by Farm Kid	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0%



### Probability of success across for strategy picked by over 64% of farms and ranches

# 









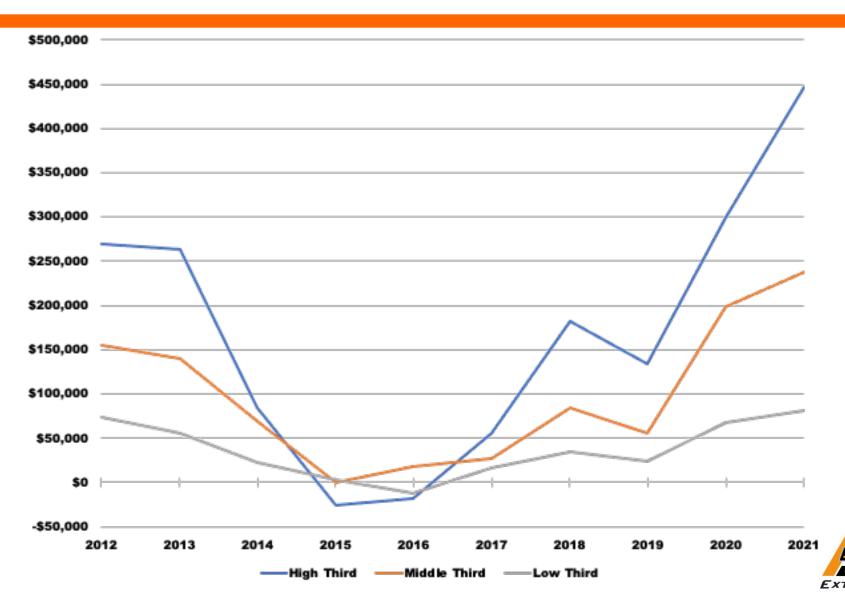


### What'll it cost, man?! What'll it cost?! (Top third operation NFI = \$169,059)

Strategy	Who pays	Annual expense
Buy out City Kid, comm lending	Farm Kid	\$375,565 down; \$198,359; \$97,528
Buy out City Kid, family loan	Farm Kid	\$375,565 down; \$101,443
Op. assets to farm kid, "share" land; investment	Ma & Pa	\$33,901
Op. assets to farm kid, "share" land; life ins.	Ma & Pa	\$20,987
Farm Kid buys op. assets	Farm Kid	\$53,455



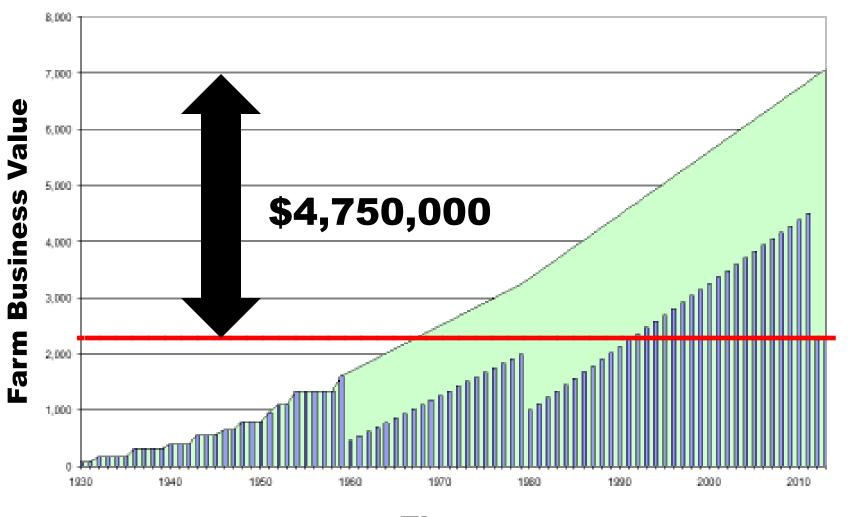
# KFMA South Central Average NFI 2011-2021



### **Takeaways**

- The runaway #1 strategy choice (used by >64% of farms) is the one zero chance of actually working.
- Nobody thinks about \*WHO'S\* paying for the planning (or lack thereof).
- Time can be your enemy or your ally – it just depends on when you start.

### The value of transition planning



**Time** 





AUCTION LOCATION: 28271 N. 2850 RD OKARCHE, OK DIRECTIONS: From Okarche, OK. Go north on Hwy 81 2 miles to CR 870 (Duffy Rd), then 2 miles east on blacktop to 2850 Rd, then ½ mile north.

ALL TRACTS WILL BE SOLD FROM TRACT 1





EQUIPMENT WILL SELL
IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE
REAL ESTATE LARGE
EQUIPMENT WILL SELL
APPROXIMATELY 11:00AM



okarchewarrior.com



•••

#### He bought the farm

Larry Annuschat saves the homeplace in a family legacy

April 24, 2021

**②** 2242



X







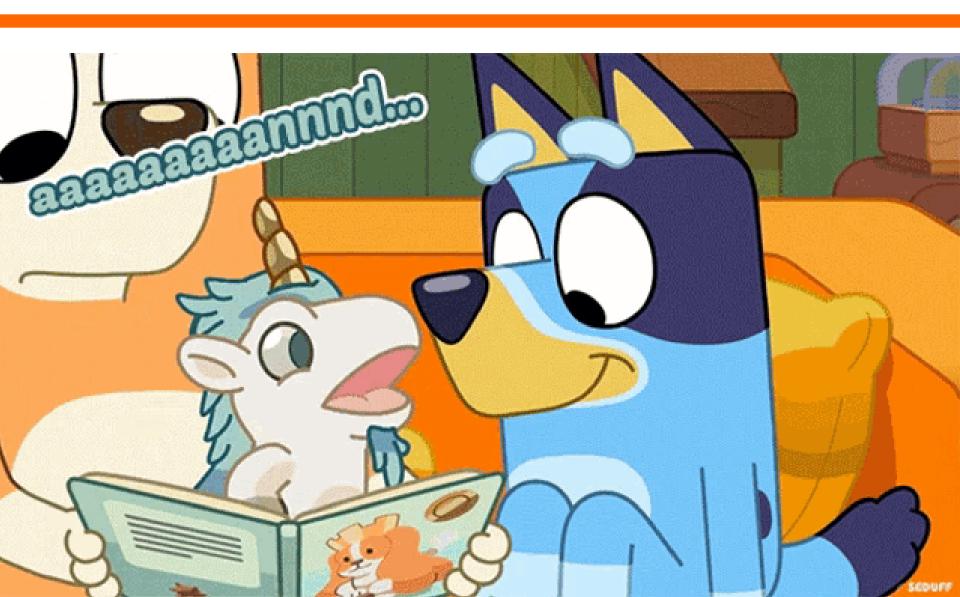


Ben and Larry Annuschat and Shelby Guarnera wait for the start of the real estate auction Friday at Annuschat Farms. (Photo by Robert Medley)

At the last minute, the farm stayed in the family, the main part of it at least.

It was not the complete end of an agriculture era Friday at the Annuschat Farms east of Okarche.

### **SO WHAT???????**



### Five steps to a successful transition

- 1. INVENTORY: Determine where you are now
- 2. TALK: Communicate with stakeholders
- 3. PLAN: Develop a business succession plan
- 4. WILL: Develop a plan for your estate / gifts
- 5. DON'T STOP: Deploy / evaluate / revise



### Step 1: INVENTORY

- Every THING
- Every ONE
- Every MEASURE
- Every GOAL
- Every VALUE





### Step 2: TALK



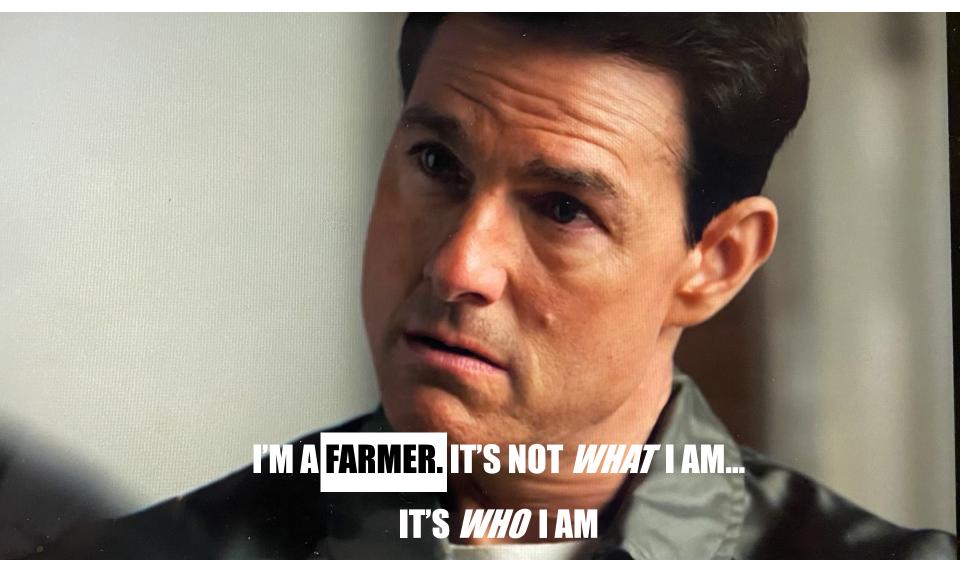
### **Establish the environment**

- Who: ALL stakeholders
- What: a talk about the farm
- When: NOT a holiday
- Where:
  - A comfortable place
  - NOT anyone's home
  - Free of distractions
- Why? To ask "What is your vision of this operation and what do you see as your role in that future?



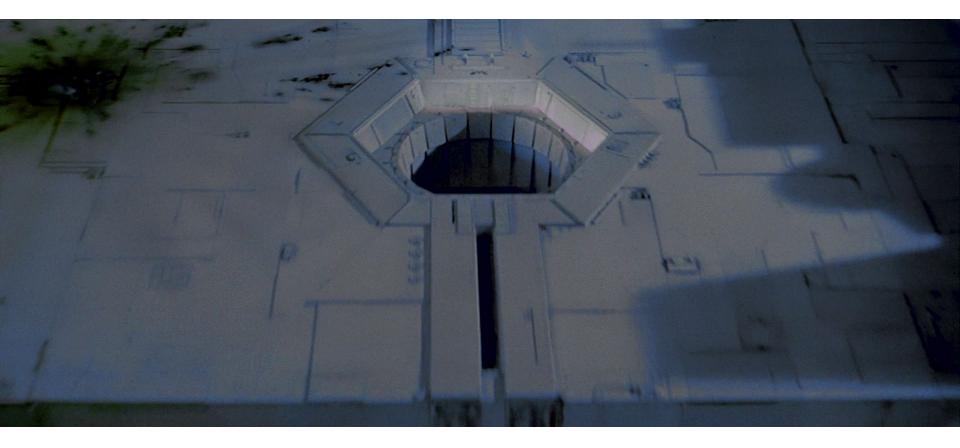




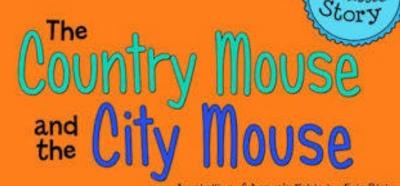




### R-E-S-P-E-C-T









### Why is this farm transition stuff so dang hard?

#### **The Townsfolk**

Asset Description	Value	% of total assets	
Financial assets	\$3,125,000	83.3%	
Primary home	\$300,000	8.0%	
Vaca. home	\$200,000	5.3%	
Other assets	\$125,000	3.3%	
Total	\$3,750,000	100.0%	

#### **The Farmers**

Asset description	Value	% of total assets
Financial assets	\$0	0.0%
Land & buildings	\$2,700,000	72.0%
Machinery & equip.	\$1,000,000	26.7%
<b>Breeding livestock</b>	\$50,000	1.3%
Total	\$3,750,000	100.0%

		Long-term S&P 500 rate of return 10.26%					
		20 year U.S. Treasury Rate 4.7420% Value of City Kid Assets \$ 1,875,000					
			Annual Annual		25%	Annual	
Year	NFI	50% Dividend	return	33% Dividend	return	Dividend	return
1	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
2	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
3	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
4	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
5	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
6	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
7	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
8	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
9	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
10	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
11	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
12	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
13	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
14	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
15	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
16	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
17	\$ 169,059	·	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
18	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
19	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530		\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
20	\$ 169,059	\$ 84,530		\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%
	Total	\$ 1,690,590		\$ 1,127,060		\$ 845,295	
	Average	\$ 84,530	4.51%	\$ 56,353	3.01%	\$ 42,265	2.25%

Initial asset value					\$ 1,875,000
Invested for 20 years, S&P 500 Index hist. avg. return (10.26%)					\$ 13,152,170
Invested for 20 years, 20 Year U.S. Treasury Note (4.742%)					\$ 4,736,074
	Average	20 year FV,			Relative value
	annual	S&P 500	to ref.	20 year U.S.	to ref.
	return	avg.	investment	Treas.	investment
50% dividend	4.51%	\$4,986,722	(\$8,165,448)	\$2,720,036	(\$2,016,039)
33% dividend	3.01%	\$3,324,481	(\$9,827,689)	\$1,813,357	(\$2,922,717)
25% dividend	2.25%	\$2,493,361	(\$10,658,809)	\$1,360,018	(\$3,376,056)

# Common ground: a principles-based transition process



# Relationships first.

Wherever possible, we will prioritize the relationships of our family and stakeholders, recognizing that this is a mutual obligation.

In some cases, relationships may have to be prioritized over economics.

# Profitability matters.

The economic well-being of the farm operation directly impacts the economic well-being of those who depend on it.

Sustainability subsumes profitability.

We will therefore make all due efforts to preserve the profitability of the business, subject to the priority we place on family relationships.



### What is a gift is a gift, what is earned is earned.

A gift is unearned and is freely given to express love, affection, and generosity.

If someone has an equitable claim to property or a privilege deriving from their contribution of management, labor, and/or capital to its acquisition or growth, that claim is earned and to give it to another is inequitable.



# We seek equity, not equality.

"Sometimes right isn't equal, sometimes equal's not fair." Corb Lund, "The S Lazy H"



# Participation is an opportunity, not an entitlement.

Participation in the operations of the agribusiness and receiving economic returns from it is not a birthright. It is earned by contributions of labor, management, and capital to the farm.



# You deserve the chance to profit from your contribution.

If someone contributes management, labor, or capital, they should have the opportunity to receive an economic return from that contribution.



# There can be no reward without risk.

It is inequitable to receive the economic reward of an activity without also bearing the risk of that activity; conversely, those who assume the risk of an activity should receive its rewards.



# Wealth without wisdom is a curse.

We have an obligation to prepare those who are about to receive something for it by sharing our experiences and knowledge. It is a disservice to someone to give them something without preparing them to receive it.



# Emotional connections matter.

The land carries powerful connections not just for those who work it, but those who were raised on it. We will acknowledge and respect those connections.



# Participation requires preparation.

Farming is a complex and challenging profession. Anyone who participates in the farm has an obligation to diligently study all the disciplines that impact it and to study the farm itself.



# Transparency is key to trust.

Those who participate in the farm deserve to know all relevant information about it. We have an obligation to share both that information and our experiences.



### Choice

Participation in the farm must be a mutual choice made with the complete free will of both the current authorities over the farm and those who want to be a part of it.



### Step 3: Develop business succession plan





### So how do we move this stuff?

**Sell it** 

Lease it

Move it through entity

**Transfer at death** 



### Sale forms

**Outright sale** 

Sale with accompanying loan

**Installment sale** 

Financing (or "capital") "lease"



### **Lease forms**

Financing (or "capital") "lease"

**Operating lease** 







#### **Special Treatment of Family Farms**

As mentioned earlier, family farms receive special treatment whereby every adult member—18 years or older—is deemed to meet the AEF requirements and is potentially eligible to receive farm program payments in an amount up to the individual payment limit. Furthermore, under the 2018 farm bill (§1703(a)(1)), the definition of *family member* was extended to include first cousins, nieces, and nephews.

#### Multiple Payment Limits for a Partnership

A partnership's potential payment limit is equal to the limit for a single person times the number of persons or legal entities that comprise the ownership of the joint operation plus any additional exemptions or exceptions. Adding a new member can provide one or two (with qualifying spouse) additional payment limits.

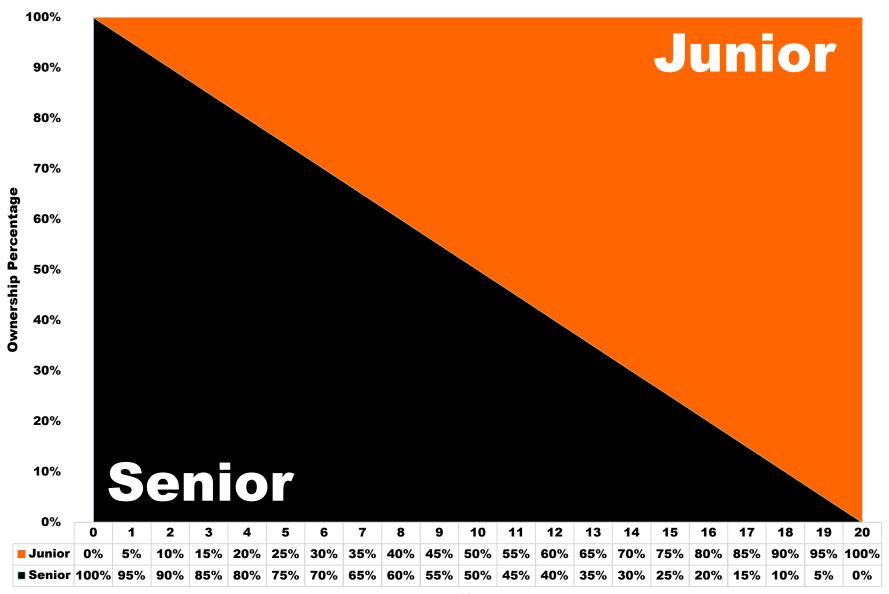
Each member of a partnership or joint venture must meet the AEF criteria and must be within the AGI limit. Furthermore, the partnership's total payment limit is reduced by the share of each single member who has already met his or her payment limit (or portion thereof) on another farm operation outside of the partnership.

#### **Single Payment Limit for a Corporation**

A corporation is treated as a single person for purposes of determining eligibility and payment limits—provided that the entity meets the AEF criteria. Adding a new member to the corporation generally does not affect the payment limit but only increases the number of members that can share a single payment limit.

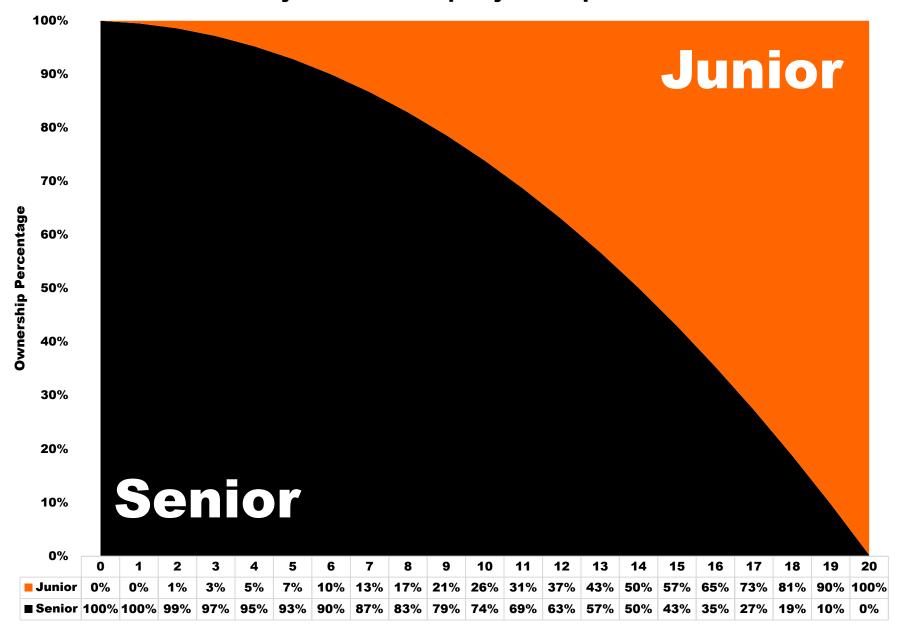


#### **Twenty Year Ownership Buyout - Linear**

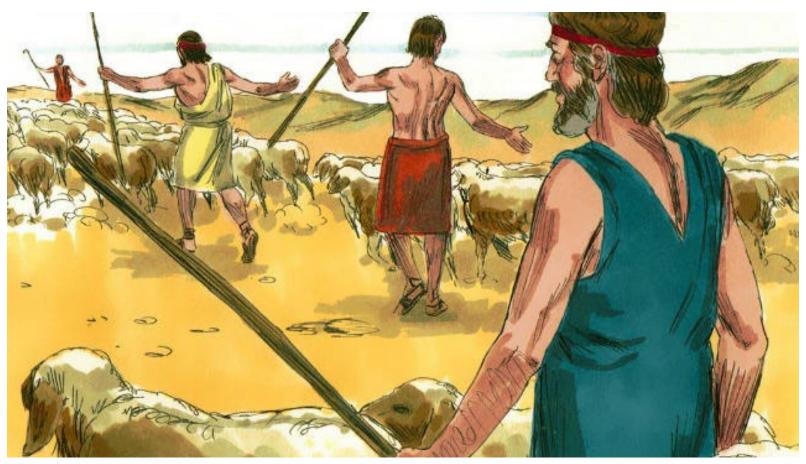


Year

#### **Twenty Year Ownership Buyout - Exponential**

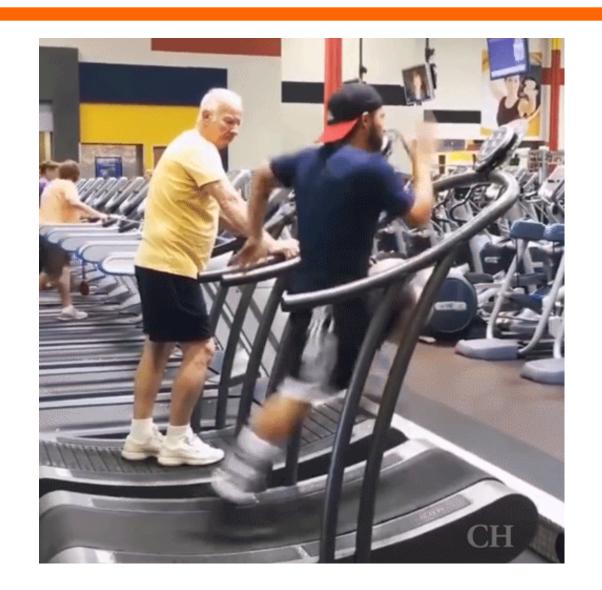


#### **The Laban-Jacob Herd Transition**



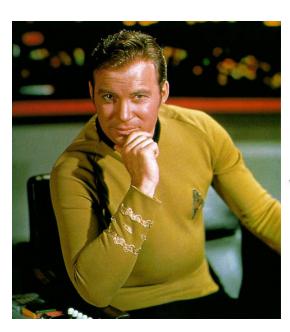


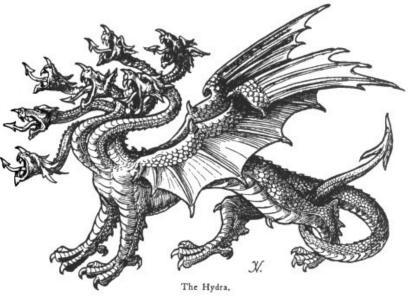
## Equipment depreciation and the treadmill





#### Management & decisionmaking







#### LLCs and Corporations Buy/sell agreements

- Ensures closely-held nature of business
- Often triggered by involuntary events
  - Death
  - Disability
  - Divorce
  - Debt
  - Don't like 'em
  - Don't wanna





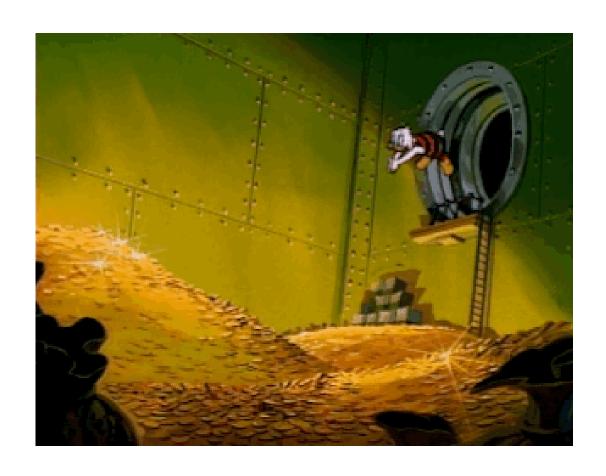
## LLCs and Corporations Buy/sell agreements

- Valuation methods
  - Appraisal
    - Agreed appraiser?
    - If not, agreed procedure for selecting appraiser?
    - Experience with the business / industry?
  - Valuations based on book value
  - Adjustment of prior method by set value





### **Liquidity of funds**





#### To pre-nup or not to pre-nup





## Step 3: Develop business succession plan

- Critical issue: what if there are no successors?
  - Liquidate assets?
  - Hire operator?
  - Seek outside successor?
- Selecting a successor
  - Share-lease, joint project?
- Formalizing the relationship
  - Lease? Sale?
  - Entity formation and transition?







# So how the heck do we handle City Kid?

#### So what do we do with City Kid?

- Do we have a good inventory of farm and nonfarm assets?
  - 2015 USDA data showed average nonfarm assets of \$600,000
- Has off-farm employment created investments that could be allocated to City Kid?
- Could life insurance be used to help balance the equation?
  - And could Farm Kid take out insurance on Ma and Pa to finance buyout?
- Take a hard look at who is paying for the transition.



## What if all we have are farm assets? Spin-off ventures for City Kid

- Are there spin-off ventures to give City Kid?
  - Agricultural enterprises that could be separated
  - Recreational leases
  - Minerals
  - -Wind / solar / geothermal / energy storage
- Does City Kid have the management capability, and if not, who manages (and how will \*they\* be compensated)?
- How are uses coordinated with agricultural use of land?



- Farm Kid and City Kid as equal owners and partners (pause for laughter)
- City Kid as regular shareholder
  - Highest risk for City Kid (and arguably operation as a whole)
  - Only difference between Farm Kid and City Kid is involvement in day-to-day operations
  - City Kid better do homework & stay informed on all aspects of operation and industry
  - Relative share of holdings dictates voting power BUT beware of derivative actions and minority shareholder rights
- City Kid as preferred shareholder
  - Nonvoting shares/units BUT
  - Preferred shares/units MUST be paid distribution before any other classes
  - Clearly defined distribution policy and FFSC standards / audited financials essential

#### Profits interest

- An ownership interest in entity with unique "strings attached"
- Has "hurdle value" often value of company on date of issue; if company liquidates, profits interest holder only participates in value above that
  - Ex. 5% of value over initial value of \$10 million)
- Enables holder to participate in future appreciation and perhaps future profits
- Can be limited to liquidation value (in farming, HA!) or can encompass profits and liquidation value
- Again, audited financials essential
- Make guaranteed payments to City Kid

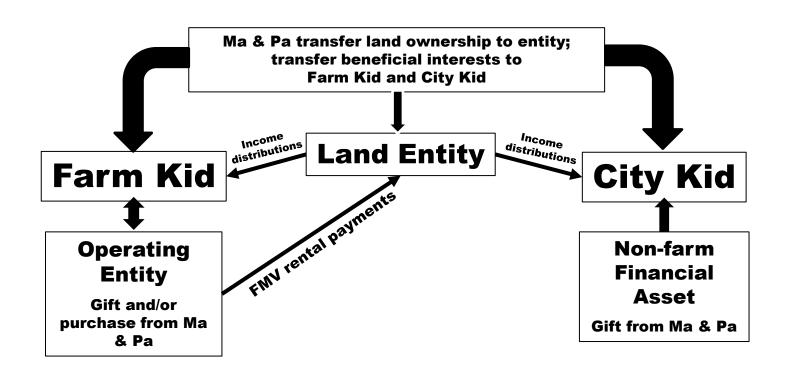


- Make guaranteed payments to City Kid
  - IRC §707(c) allows payments to partner for services rendered or use of capital BUT
  - Payments must be made <u>without regard to the income of partnership</u>
  - Tradeoff is payments are deductible business expense of partnership (but are also subject to selfemployment tax for City Kid)



	Equal partners	Common shareholder	Preferred shareholder	Profit interest	Guaranteed payment
Steady, "risk free" payment to City Kid?	No	No	No	No	Yes
Payment made to City Kid even if busindess has a bad year?	No	No	No	No	Yes
City Kid actively engaged in management?	Yes	Yes	No	No	Maybe?
Payments to City Kid deductible by business?	No	No	No	No	Yes
City Kid's tax treatment of payments received	Ordinary income	Ordinary income	Ordinary income	Ordinary income (profits), capital gains (liquidation)	Ordinary income

### How do we handle agricultural land with Farm Kid and City Kid?



#### So what are our options for dividing up land?

- Super radical concept: talk about it and agree before anyone dies.
- Try to balance financial value of farmland with all other non-farm assets.
- Physically divide farm parcels and give separate parcels to each kid.
- Partition!



### A walk through some land allocation scenarios

#### Four kids:

- -Alice
- -Bobby
- -Carl
- -David

Parcel	Appraised Value
1	\$100,000
2	\$200,000
3	\$300,000
4	\$400,000
Total value	\$1,000,000
Avg. val./child	\$250,000



## Strategy 1: Pick what you want, pay overage into estate fund

	Value of land received	Value above (below) average	Payment from (to) fund	Total value received
Alice	\$100,000	(\$150,000)	\$150,000	\$250,000
Bobby	\$200,000	(\$50,000)	\$50,000	\$250,000
Carol	\$300,000	\$50,000	(\$50,000)	\$250,000
David	\$400,000	\$150,000	(\$150,000)	\$250,000
Total			<u> </u>	·
value	\$1,000,000			\$1,000,000



#### **Strategy #2: Internal Auction**

Parcel	Winning bid		Winning bidder
1	\$	75,000	Alice
2	\$	225,000	Alice
3	\$	275,000	Carol
4	\$	425,000	David
Total	\$ 1,0	000,000	

Family member	Payment to fund		Payment from fund		Effective out-of- pocket payment	
Alice	\$	300,000	\$ 250,000	\$	(50,000)	
Bobby	\$	-	\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	
Carol	\$	275,000	\$ 250,000	\$	(25,000)	
David	\$	425,000	\$ 250,000	\$	(175,000)	
Fund value	\$	1,000,000				



#### Strategy (?) 3: Forced partition

Heirs property and the Uniform Partition of Heirs Property Act

- Heirs property definition:
  - Held as a tenancy in common,
  - No written agreement governing the partition of the property,
  - One or more of the cotenants acquired their title to the property through a relative, and
  - One of the following:
    - 20 percent or more of the interests are held by cotenants,
    - 20 percent or more of the interests are held by persons who acquired title from a relative, or
    - 20 percent or more of the cotenants are relatives.
- Notice of partition to fellow tenants & posting
   Court to determine value of parcel; may order appraisal
- You're going to need the cash to buy immediately, and all sorts of wacky stuff could happen

## Step 4: Develop estate / gift plan



#### **Fun facts**

- The long-term human mortality rate is 100%
- Implementation of an estate is NOT an "if" question, it is a "when" question.
- "When" is absolutely unknowable



#### Intestate succession

Pros	Cons
Well, uh its definitely low-effort on your part	Unable to select who handles your affairs (and several people may "volunteer"
	Unable to direct who gets your property – succession rules dictate heirs
	No provision for stepchildren, nephews,

cousins, charities, etc.

#### Wills

Pros	Cons
Leaves control with testator until death	Must go through probate

Can direct where Easily contested property goes – almost anywhere

anywhere

Can select executor

process

Can name guardians

State-specific

Does its job then goes
away

Cannot operate "long-term" w/o other tools

#### LIVING TRUSTS

Cons

with other estate

Still needs will

Adds complexity to nanagement of assets in life
11

Not public information Requires coordination

tools

Very difficult to

contest

Pros

## Items to be considered in creating revocable living trusts

#### 1. Trustee

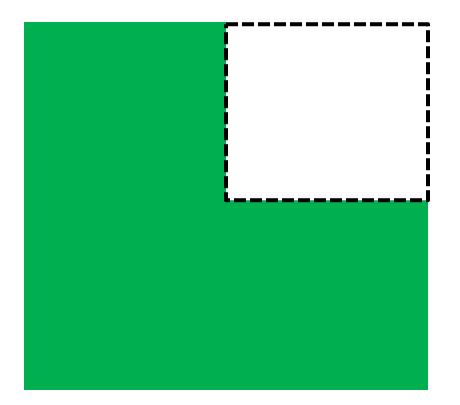
- Co-Trustee
- Successor Trustee
- 2. Beneficiaries
- 3. Duration of Trust



## Items to be considered in creating revocable living trusts

#### 4. Rights of Trustee

Buy, sell and lease property





## Items to be considered in creating revocable living trusts

#### 4. Rights of Trustee

- Buy, sell and lease property
- Lease minerals, wind, solar, & other rights
- Invest funds
- Distribute trust income
- Distribute trust principal
- 5. Uses of trust income and principal
- 6. Timing of distribution to beneficiaries



#### Controversial "hot take" by Ferrell

# Rigor mortis makes you an inflexible farm manager



#### **DEATH AND TAXES**

### The estate tax exemption ain't ever been \$600,000, and hasn't been close for about 40 years, son

Period	Exemption Amount
2017	\$5,490,000
2018	\$11,180,000
2019	\$11,400,000
2020	\$11,580,000
2021	\$11,700,000
2022	\$12,060,000
2023	\$12,920,000
2024	\$13,610,000

Source: Kiplingers, 2023

## The current estate tax landscape (2025)

#### Federal:

- \$13,990,000 unified credit
- \$27,980,000 million combined credit
- 40% marginal rate past exemption
- Spousal portability retained
- Stepped-up basis retained
- \$19,000 / \$38,000 annual gift limit
  - NOT A WALL "unified credit"
- Sunsets and ABCs



#### **Spousal Portability Example**

- 2025 Estate Tax Exemption = \$13.99 million per individual
- Total estate value \$20 million
- 50/50 value split between Dad and Mom
  - Dad's estate: \$10 million
  - Mom's estate: \$10 million



#### **Spousal Portability Example**

 Dad dies in 2025 with \$10.0 million in value assigned to his estate

\$13.99 million credit

-\$10.00 million value

\$3.99 million remaining credit

\$0.00 taxable estate



#### **Spousal Portability Example**

 Time passes, stuff appreciates bigtime, and Mom dies December 30, 2025 with a \$17.98 million estate.

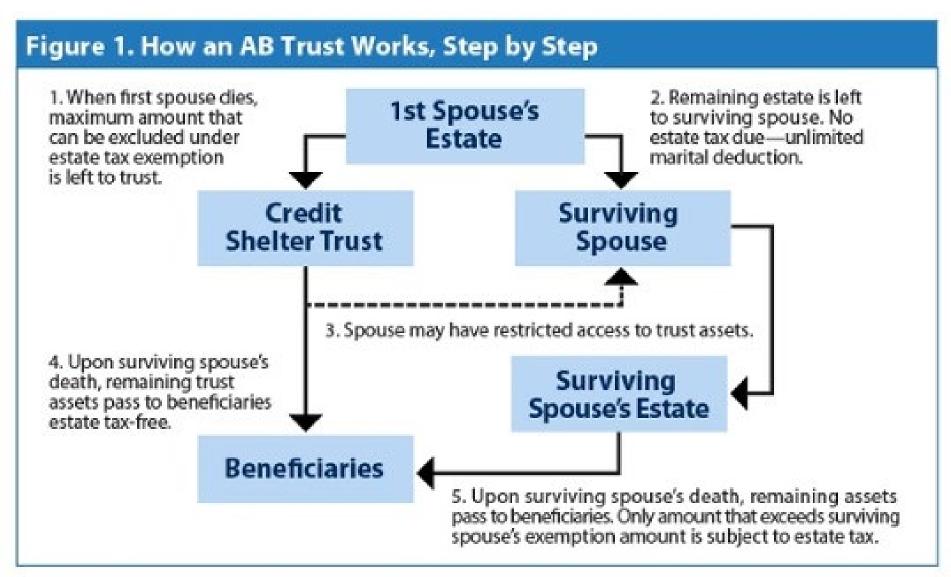
\$17.98 million estate
-\$13.99 million credit
\$3.99 million taxable estate



#### **Spousal Portability Example**

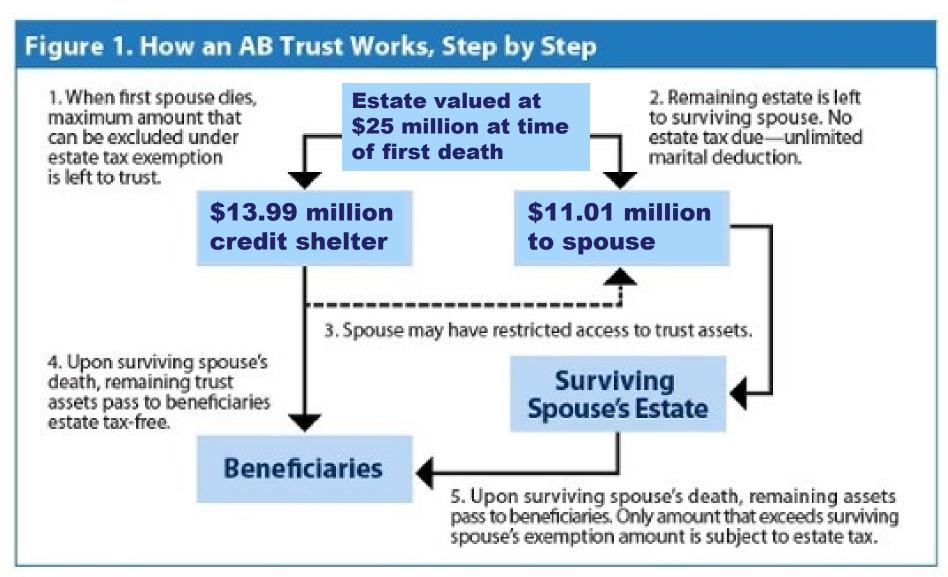
- Aha, but portability to the rescue!
- \$17.98 million estate
- -\$13.99 million credit
  - -\$3.99 million remaining Dad credit
    - \$0.00 taxable estate







Source: Duft, 2017





Source: Duft, 2017

# Why you don't have to be afraid of lifetime gifts

Parent gifts \$250,000 of property to Kid.

- \$ 250,000 gift
- <u>\$ 19,000</u> gift tax exemption (2025)
  - \$ 231,000 potential taxable gift... BUT

Taxable gift eliminated by estate tax exemption

- \$ 13,990,000 estate tax exemption (2025)
- \$ 231,000 potential taxable gift
  - \$ 13,759,000 remaining estate tax exemption

(Currently, no "claw back rule" exists)



#### Wanna get nuts?! Let's get nuts!

Parent gifts \$14,009,000 of property to Kid.

- \$ 14,009,000 gift
  - \$ 19,000 gift tax exemption (2025)
  - \$ 13,990,000 potential taxable gift... BUT

Taxable gift eliminated by unified credit

- \$ 13,990,000 estate tax exemption (2025)
- \$13,990,000 potential taxable gift
  - \$ 0 remaining estate tax exemption

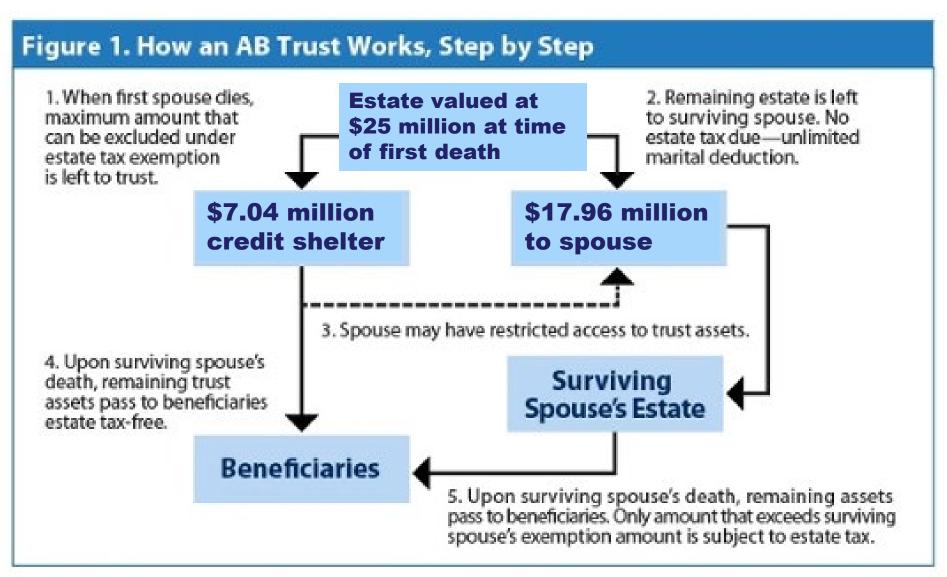
BUT ALSO \$ 0 estate tax due



## OK, Ferrell, what happens on January 1, 2026 if Congress does nothing?

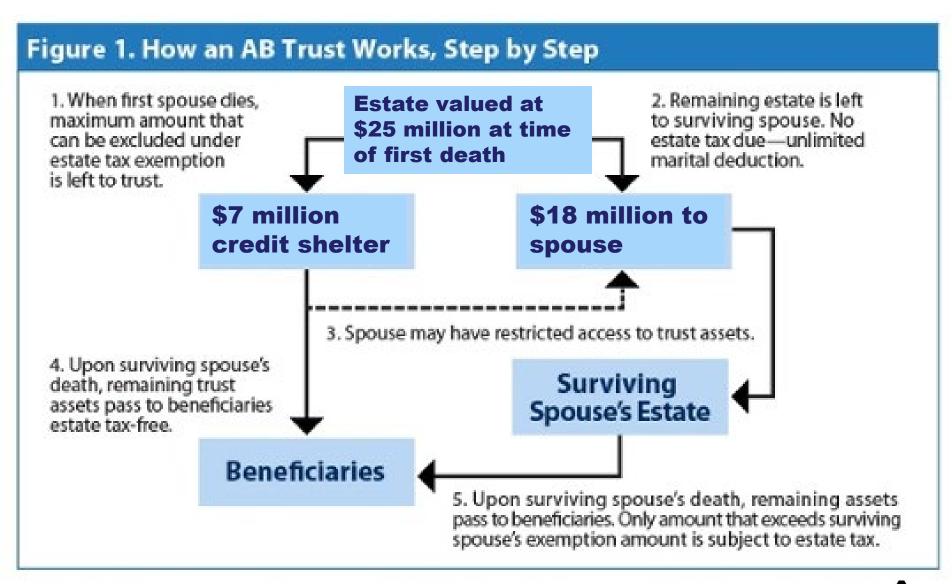
- TCJA sunset date: December 31, 2025
- If sunset occurs:
  - Estate tax exemption amounts snap back to the pre-TCJA amount of \$5,500,000
  - Inflation adjusted to the present
- If adjusted today, exemption amount would be ≅ \$7,039,000 / \$14,078,000







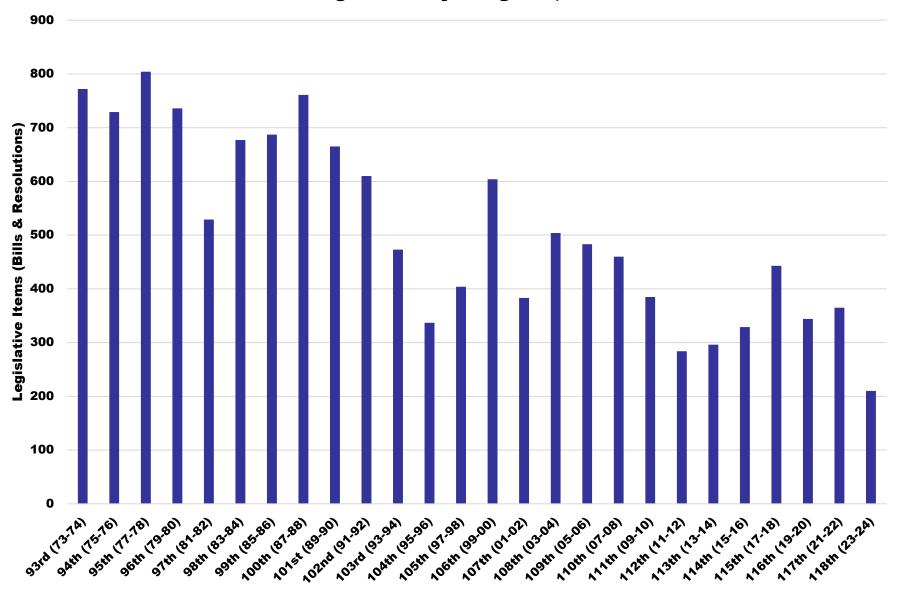
Source: Duft, 2017





Source: Duft, 2017

#### **Enacted Legislation by Congress, 1973-2024**



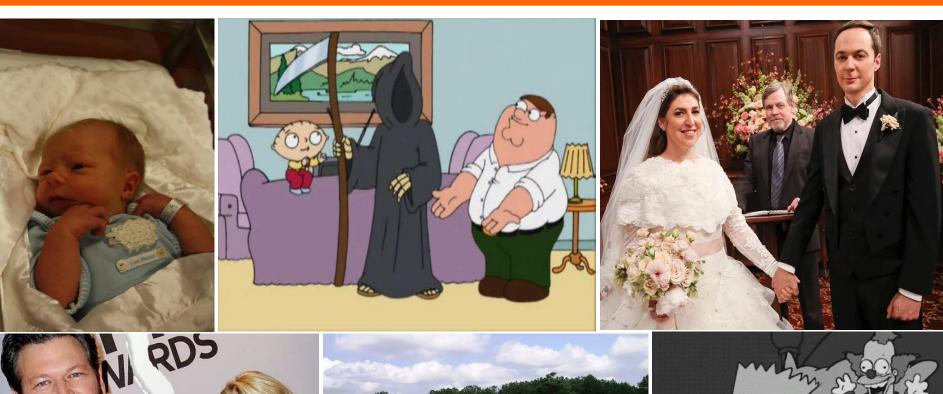


#### The "hit by a \_\_\_\_\_\_" plan





## Step 5: Deploy your plans / evaluate / revise

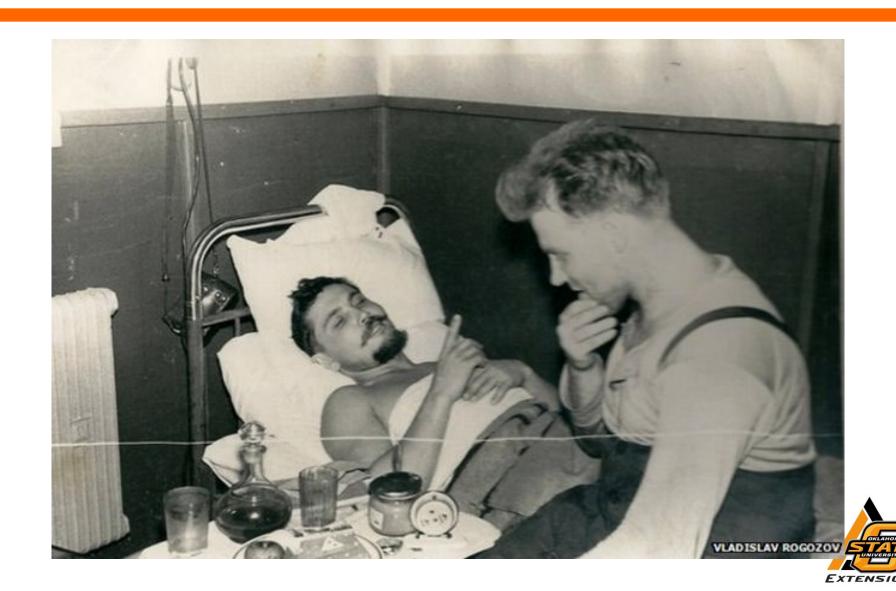








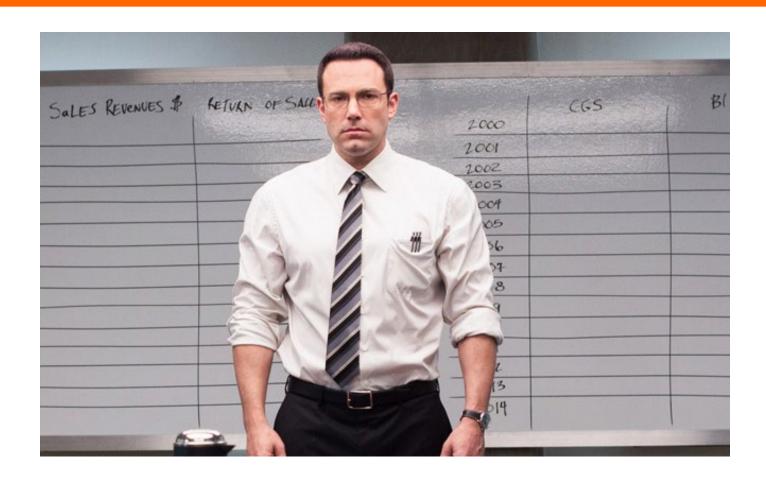
### **Leonid and lawyers**



### Don't go it alone



## The transition team: The Accountant



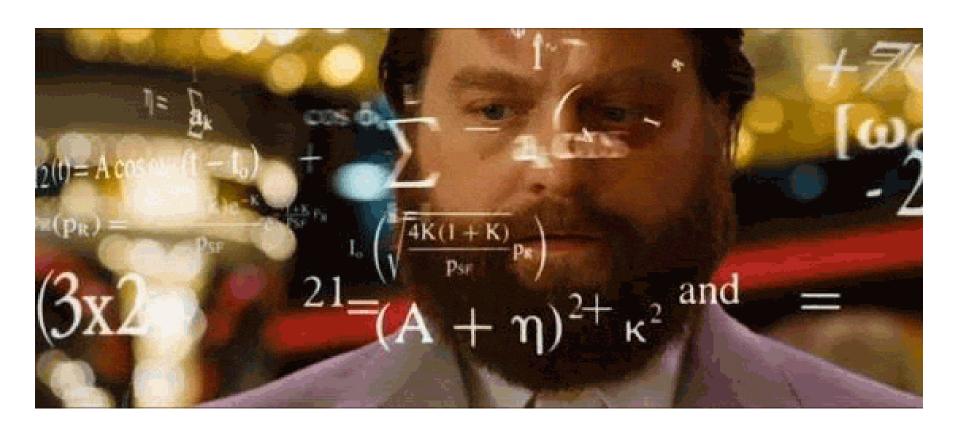


# The transition team: The Attorney





## The transition team: The Production Consultant





## The transition team: The Investment Advisor





## The transition team: The HR Advisor





## The transition team: The Referee





## "No battle plan survives contact with the enemy." -Colin Powell



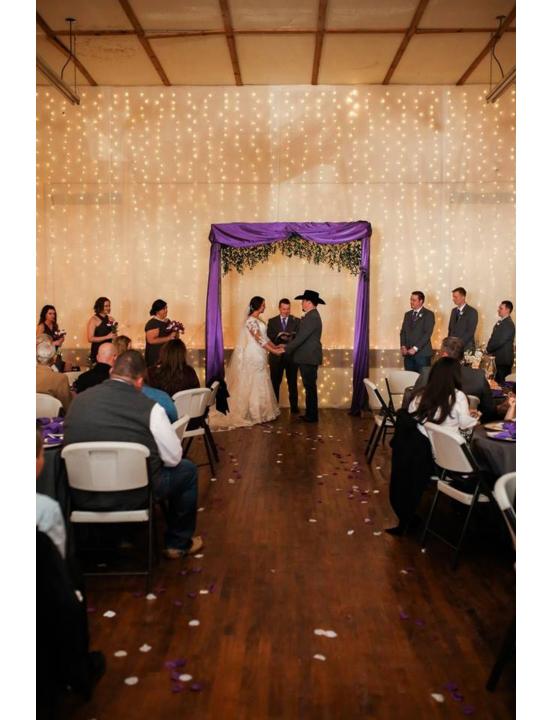


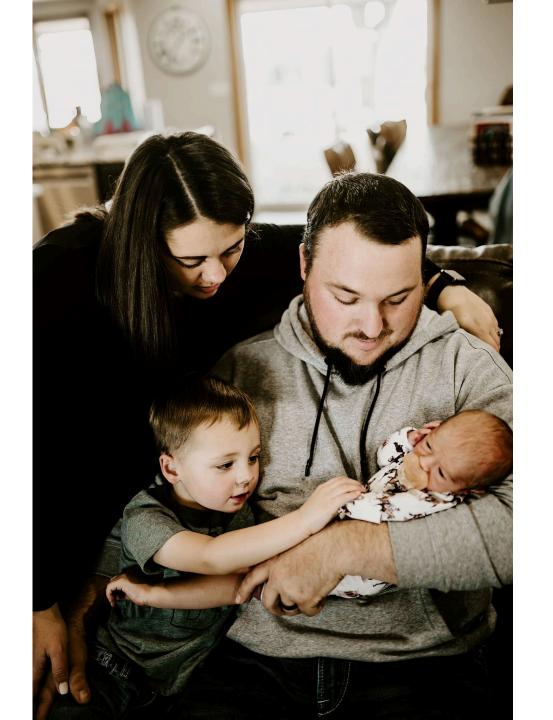
#### Pop quiz, hotshot!

- In a survey running across several hundred workshop participants from all segments of farm families, which of the following was consistently the highestranked priority in a farm transition?
  - Equal distribution of assets (value)
  - Preservation of farm asset base
  - Financial viability of operation after transition
  - Preservation of family relationships









### You can reap what you sow



#### For more information

https://extension.okstate.edu/
and search "farm transitions"
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